BEFORE THE NEBRASKA TAX EQUALIZATION AND REVIEW COMMISSION

John D. Burkholder Jr., Appellant,

v.

Harlan County Board of Equalization, Appellee.

Case No: 16A 0145

Decision and Order Affirming Harlan County Board of Equalization

Background

- 1. The Subject Property is a 60 x 144 light commercial utility building located on leased property. The legal description of the Subject Property is: IOLL NW ¼ 11-4-19, Harlan County, Nebraska.
- 2. The Harlan County Assessor (the County Assessor) assessed the Subject Property at \$94,225 for tax year 2016. It should be noted that this assessment pertains to the aforementioned building as well as three other improvements.
- 3. The Taxpayer protested this value to the Harlan County Board of Equalization (the County Board) and requested an assessed value of \$76,000 for tax year 2016.
- 4. The County Board determined that the taxable value of the Subject Property was \$94,225 for tax year 2016.
- 5. The Taxpayer appealed the determination of the County Board to the Tax Equalization and Review Commission (the Commission).
- 6. A Single Commissioner hearing was held on June 26, 2017, at the Younes Conference Center, 416 W Talmadge St., Kearney, Nebraska, before Commissioner Nancy J Salmon.
- 7. John D. Burholder Jr. was present at the hearing on behalf of himself as the Taxpayer.
- 8. Bryan McQuay, Harlan County Attorney, was present for the County Board.

Applicable Law

- 9. All real property in Nebraska subject to taxation shall be assessed as of the effective date of January 1.¹
- 10. The Commission's review of the determination of the County Board of Equalization is de novo.²
- 11. When considering an appeal a presumption exists that the "board of equalization has faithfully performed its official duties in making an assessment and has acted upon

¹ See, Neb. Rev. Stat. §77-1301(1) (Reissue 2009).

² See, Neb. Rev. Stat. §77-5016(8) (2016 Cum. Supp.), *Brenner v. Banner Cty. Bd. of Equal.*, 276 Neb. 275, 286, 753 N.W.2d 802, 813 (2008). "When an appeal is conducted as a 'trial de novo,' as opposed to a 'trial de novo on the record,' it means literally a new hearing and not merely new findings of fact based upon a previous record. A trial de novo is conducted as though the earlier trial had not been held in the first place, and evidence is taken anew as such evidence is available at the time of the trial on appeal." *Koch v. Cedar Cty. Freeholder Bd.*, 276 Neb. 1009, 1019 (2009).

- sufficient competent evidence to justify its action."³ That presumption "remains until there is competent evidence to the contrary presented, and the presumption disappears when there is competent evidence adduced on appeal to the contrary. From that point forward, the reasonableness of the valuation fixed by the board of equalization becomes one of fact based upon all the evidence presented. The burden of showing such valuation to be unreasonable rests upon the taxpayer on appeal from the action of the board."⁴
- 12. The order, decision, determination or action appealed from shall be affirmed unless evidence is adduced establishing that the order, decision, determination, or action was unreasonable or arbitrary.⁵
- 13. Proof that the order, decision, determination, or action was unreasonable or arbitrary must be made by clear and convincing evidence.⁶
- 14. A Taxpayer must introduce competent evidence of actual value of the Subject Property in order to successfully claim that the Subject Property is overvalued.⁷
- 15. The Commission's Decision and Order shall include findings of fact and conclusions of law.⁸

Findings of Fact & Conclusions of Law

- 16. The Taxpayer asserts that the building in question should be classified as a "farm utility building" rather than as a "light commercial building" as determined by the County Assessor.
- 17. The Taxpayer contends that a separate building on the leased property is classified as a farm utility building. He also asserts that farm utility buildings are assessed at lower amounts than light commercial buildings. According to the information provided to the Commission by the County Assessor, older buildings located in rural areas of Harlan County are classified as farm utility buildings and more recent buildings of the same nature are classified as light commercial buildings. The Assessor also stated that the unit value was identical for both types of buildings. Differences in valuation were caused by age, depreciation, and square footage.
- 18. The Taxpayer has not produced competent evidence that the County Board failed to faithfully perform its duties and to act on sufficient competent evidence to justify its actions.

³ Brenner v. Banner Cty. Bd. Of Equal., 276 Neb. 275, 283, 753 N.W.2d 802, 811 (2008) (Citations omitted).

⁴ *Id*.

⁵ Neb. Rev. Stat. §77-5016(9) (2016 Cum. Supp.).

⁶ Omaha Country Club v. Douglas Cty. Bd. of Equal., 11 Neb. App. 171, 645 N.W.2d 821 (2002).

⁷ Cf. *Josten-Wilbert Vault Co. v. Board of Equalization for Buffalo County*, 179 Neb. 415, 138 N.W.2d 641 (1965) (determination of actual value); *Lincoln Tel. and Tel. Co. v. County Bd. Of Equalization of York County*, 209 Neb. 465, 308 N.W.2d 515 (1981)(determination of equalized taxable value).

⁸ Neb. Rev. Stat. §77-5018(1) (2016 Cum. Supp.).

19. The Taxpayer has not adduced clear and convincing evidence that the determination of the County Board is arbitrary or unreasonable and the decision of the County Board should be affirmed.

ORDER

IT IS ORDERED THAT:

- 1. The Decision of the County Board of Equalization determining the taxable value of the Subject Property for tax year 2016, is Affirmed.
- 2. The taxable value of the Subject Property for tax year 2016 is: \$94,225.
- 3. This Decision and Order, if no further action is taken, shall be certified to the Harlan County Treasurer and the Harlan County Assessor, pursuant to Neb. Rev. Stat. §77-5018 (2016 Cum. Supp.).
- 3. Any request for relief, by any party, which is not specifically provided for by this Decision and Order is denied.
- 4. Each Party is to bear its own costs in this proceeding.
- 5. This Decision and Order shall only be applicable to tax year 2016.
- 6. This Decision and Order is effective on July 7, 2017.

Signed and Sealed: July 7, 2017		
	Nancy I Salmon Commissioner	